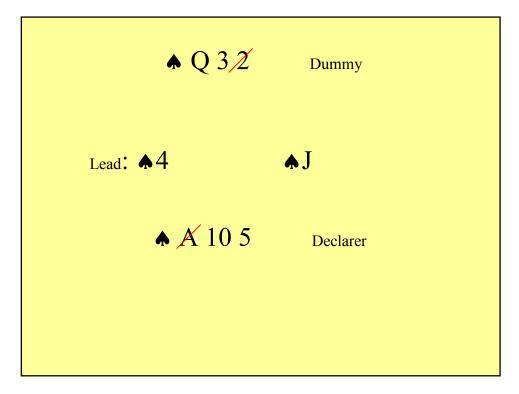
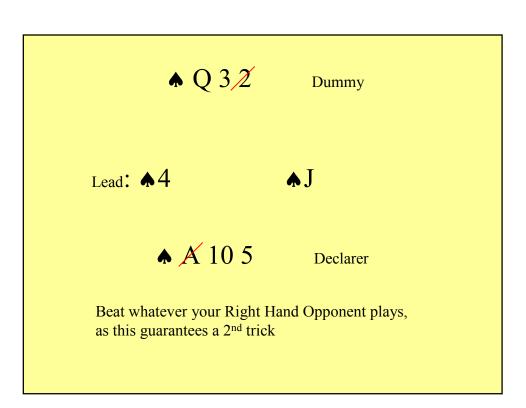
Declarer Play at Trick One

♠ A 3 **2** Dummy

Lead: ♠4 ♠K or ♠J

♠ Q 6 5 Declarer





♣ K 3 Z Dummy

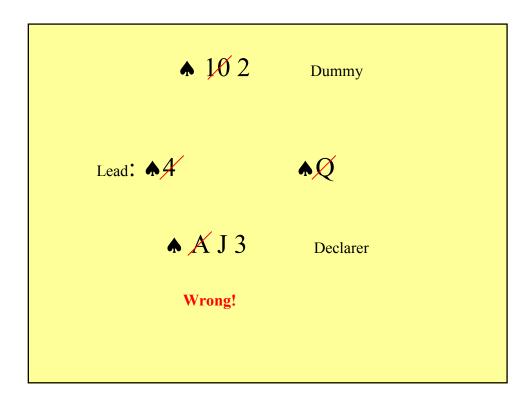
Lead: ♠4 ♠A or ♠J

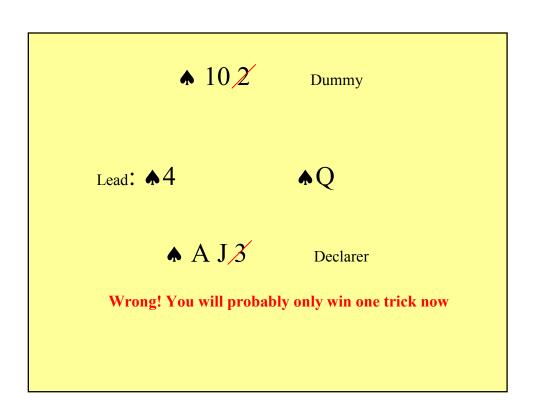
♠ Q 6 Declarer

♣ 10 2 Dummy

Lead: ♠4

♣ A J 3 Declarer





↑ 10**2** Dummy

Lead: ♠4 ♠Q

♠ A J 3 Declarer

Correct! Play 2^{nd} hand low, then beat $\triangle Q$ or $\triangle K$ with $\triangle A$. This guarantees a 2^{nd} trick.

↑ 10 2 Dummy

Lead: •4

♠ AJ3 Declarer

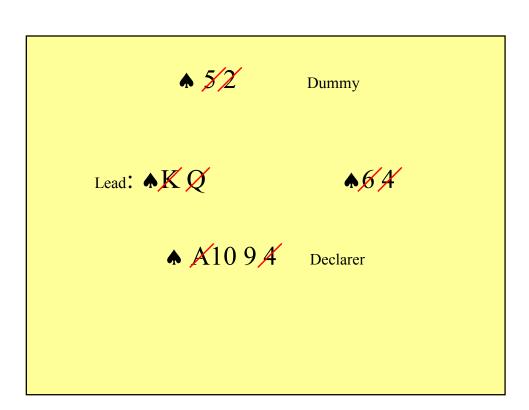
With equivalent honours in each hand (♠J10) declarer should generally play 2nd hand low

♣ 5 2 Dummy

Lead: ♠4 ♠Q

♠ K 10 9 Declarer

♣ 5 2 Dummy
 Lead: ♠K
 ♠ A 10 9 4 Declarer



♦ 5/**2** Dummy

Lead: $\bigstar KQ$

★ X10 9 **X** Declarer

Duck the king, the first time, but it is OK to beat the queen with the ace, as you have a certain second trick with \$10.9